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4-(9,10-Dioxo-9,10-dihydroanthracen-1yl)-4-oxobutanoic acid

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.007 Å; R factor = 0.078; wR factor = 0.161; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.5.

In the title compound, $C_{18}H_{12}O_5$, the anthracene moiety is almost planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0399 Å). In the crystal, molecules are linked to each other by intermolecular O– $H \cdots O$ and weak C– $H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For applications of natural and synthetic anthraquinones, see: Brown (1980). For their activity, see: Johnson *et al.* (1997). For the synthesis, see: Inbasekaran *et al.* (1980).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{12}O_5$	b = 19.523 (4) Å
$M_r = 308.28$	c = 14.367 (3) Å
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	$\beta = 99.58 \ (3)^{\circ}$
a = 5.168 (1) Å	V = 1429.3 (5) Å ²

Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968) $T_{\min} = 0.979, T_{\max} = 0.990$ 2892 measured reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.078$ $wR(F^2) = 0.161$ S = 1.002593 reflections T = 293 K $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

2593 independent reflections
1048 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{\rm int} = 0.077$
3 standard reflections every 200
reflections
intensity decay: 1%

208 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $$\begin{split} &\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ &\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

Table 1		
Hydrogen-bond geometry	(Å,	°).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$D5 - H5A \cdots O4^{i}$ $C7 - H7A \cdots O1^{ii}$ $C16 - H16A \cdots O3^{iii}$	0.82 0.93 0.97	1.86 2.43 2.48	2.681 (6) 3.255 (7) 3.375 (6)	177 147 154

Symmetry codes: (i) -x - 1, -y, -z + 1; (ii) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1; (iii) x + 1, y, z.

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BQ2254).

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organic compounds

supplementary materials

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4-(9,10-Dioxo-9,10-dihydroanthracen-1-yl)-4-oxobutanoic acid

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Comment

Anthraquinone compounds are widely used in the chemical industry and medicine. Natural and synthetic anthraquinone compounds are used in food, cosmetics, hair color agent and textile dyes (Brown *et al.*, 1980). In medicine, many of anthraquinones have diarrhea, anti-cell and other effects. The activity of anthraquinone derivatives has a great relationship with their planar frame structure (Johnson *et al.*, 1997). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1. The bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The anthrecene moiety is almost planar with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.0399 Å and a maximum deviation of 0.099 (4) Å for O2. In the crystal, molecules are linked to each other to form chains framework *via* intermolecular O—H…O and weak C—H…O hydrogen bonds.

Experimental

The compound 4-(anthracen-1-yl)butanoic acid was synthesized by the method (Inbasekaran *et al.*, 1980). The crystals of the title compound (I) were obtained by dissolving the compound 4-(anthracen-1-yl)butanoic acid in methanol (25 ml) in the presence of oxygen and evaporating the solvent slowly at room temperature for about 10 d.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with O—H = 0.82Å (for OH) and C—H = 0.93 and 0.97Å for aromatic and methylene H, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C/N)$, where x = 1.2 for aromatic H.

Figures



Fig. 1. A drawing of the title molecular structure, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.



Fig. 2. A packing diagram for (I). O—H…O and C—H…O intermolecular hydrogen bonds are shown by dashed lines.

4-(9,10-Dioxo-9,10-dihydroanthracen-1-yl)-4-oxobutanoic acid

Crystal data
$C_{18}H_{12}O_5$
$M_r = 308.28$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn
<i>a</i> = 5.168 (1) Å
<i>b</i> = 19.523 (4) Å
c = 14.367 (3) Å
$\beta = 99.58 \ (3)^{\circ}$
$V = 1429.3 (5) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 4

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	1048 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\rm int} = 0.077$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.3^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.8^{\circ}$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$h = 0 \rightarrow 6$
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$k = 0 \rightarrow 23$
$T_{\min} = 0.979, \ T_{\max} = 0.990$	$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$
2892 measured reflections	3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
2593 independent reflections	intensity decay: 1%

F(000) = 640 $D_{\rm x} = 1.433 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

 $\theta = 8-12^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K

Needle, colourless $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm

Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 25 reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.078$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.161$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.00	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.040P)^{2}]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
2593 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$

208 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.6562 (8)	0.45510 (18)	0.4314 (3)	0.0687 (12)
O2	0.2523 (6)	0.26823 (17)	0.6393 (2)	0.0534 (10)
O3	-0.2936 (7)	0.21707 (19)	0.5131 (3)	0.0722 (13)
O4	-0.2825 (7)	0.04974 (17)	0.4635 (3)	0.0580 (11)
05	-0.3291 (8)	0.0347 (2)	0.6115 (3)	0.0796 (13)
H5A	-0.4460	0.0090	0.5866	0.119*
C1	-0.0859 (11)	0.2918 (3)	0.3566 (4)	0.0590 (16)
H1A	-0.2305	0.2662	0.3293	0.071*
C2	0.0084 (12)	0.3422 (3)	0.3052 (4)	0.0656 (17)
H2A	-0.0687	0.3499	0.2429	0.079*
C3	0.2165 (11)	0.3814 (3)	0.3457 (4)	0.0556 (15)
H3A	0.2776	0.4161	0.3107	0.067*
C4	0.3375 (10)	0.3703 (2)	0.4378 (4)	0.0412 (13)
C5	0.5697 (10)	0.4127 (3)	0.4790 (4)	0.0467 (14)
C6	0.6852 (10)	0.4001 (2)	0.5783 (3)	0.0408 (13)
C7	0.9026 (11)	0.4383 (3)	0.6188 (4)	0.0555 (15)
H7A	0.9726	0.4712	0.5832	0.067*
C8	1.0149 (11)	0.4274 (3)	0.7122 (4)	0.0611 (17)
H8A	1.1575	0.4537	0.7397	0.073*
С9	0.9160 (11)	0.3780 (3)	0.7640 (4)	0.0640 (17)
H9A	0.9928	0.3702	0.8264	0.077*
C10	0.7023 (10)	0.3397 (3)	0.7236 (4)	0.0548 (15)
H10A	0.6372	0.3060	0.7593	0.066*
C11	0.5839 (9)	0.3501 (2)	0.6323 (4)	0.0425 (13)
C12	0.3528 (10)	0.3090 (2)	0.5912 (4)	0.0425 (13)
C13	0.2415 (9)	0.3191 (2)	0.4900 (3)	0.0365 (12)
C14	0.0322 (9)	0.2783 (2)	0.4497 (3)	0.0392 (12)
C15	-0.0699 (10)	0.2173 (3)	0.4968 (4)	0.0484 (14)
C16	0.0972 (9)	0.1546 (2)	0.5123 (4)	0.0502 (14)
H16A	0.2779	0.1679	0.5340	0.060*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

supplementary materials

H16B	0.0898	0.1305	0.4	529	0.060*	
C17	0.0093 (10)	0.1069 (2)	0.5	841 (4)	0.0526 (15)	
H17A	0.1567	0.0784	0.6	109	0.063*	
H17B	-0.0394	0.1343	0.6	348	0.063*	
C18	-0.2128 (10)	0.0622 (2)	0.5	464 (4)	0.0493 (14)	
Atomic disp	placement parameters	$(Å^2)$				
	U^{11}	U^{22}	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.081 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.071 (3)	-0.018 (2)	0.029 (2)	0.018 (2)
02	0.061 (3)	0.053 (2)	0.048 (2)	-0.0200 (19	0) 0.012 (2)	0.0045 (18)
03	0.035 (2)	0.068 (3)	0.119 (4)	-0.007 (2)	0.027 (2)	-0.005 (2)
O4	0.060 (3)	0.061 (2)	0.049 (2)	-0.026 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.0015 (19)
05	0.088 (3)	0.086 (3)	0.067 (3)	-0.036 (3)	0.021 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C1	0.049 (4)	0.060 (4)	0.065 (4)	0.000 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.015 (3)
C2	0.077 (5)	0.069 (4)	0.044 (4)	0.003 (4)	-0.006 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C3	0.072 (4)	0.051 (4)	0.046 (4)	0.000 (3)	0.018 (3)	0.007 (3)
C4	0.043 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.041 (3)	-0.004 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.003 (2)
C5	0.054 (4)	0.038 (3)	0.052 (4)	0.000 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.002 (3)
C6	0.045 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.050 (3)	-0.004 (3)	0.014 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C7	0.053 (4)	0.046 (3)	0.073 (4)	-0.006 (3)	0.025 (3)	-0.014 (3)
C8	0.051 (4)	0.062 (4)	0.069 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.019 (3)
C9	0.070 (4)	0.068 (4)	0.051 (4)	-0.012 (4)	0.002 (3)	-0.011 (3)
C10	0.054 (4)	0.062 (4)	0.046 (4)	-0.010 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.005 (3)
C11	0.038 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C12	0.041 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.052 (4)	-0.002 (3)	0.013 (3)	-0.003 (3)
C13	0.031 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.008 (2)	-0.009 (3)
C14	0.031 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.047 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.006 (3)
C15	0.039 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.067 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.008 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C16	0.038 (3)	0.044 (3)	0.071 (4)	-0.009 (3)	0.016 (3)	-0.013 (3)
C17	0.051 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.068 (4)	-0.007 (3)	0.008 (3)	-0.006 (3)
C18	0.048 (4)	0.038 (3)	0.061 (4)	-0.010 (3)	0.007 (3)	0.004 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

1.206 (5)	С7—Н7А	0.9300
1.225 (5)	C8—C9	1.368 (7)
1.218 (5)	C8—H8A	0.9300
1.210 (6)	C9—C10	1.379 (6)
1.308 (6)	С9—Н9А	0.9300
0.8200	C10—C11	1.367 (6)
1.367 (7)	C10—H10A	0.9300
1.400 (6)	C11—C12	1.478 (6)
0.9300	C12—C13	1.484 (6)
1.368 (7)	C13—C14	1.389 (6)
0.9300	C14—C15	1.508 (6)
1.383 (6)	C15—C16	1.494 (6)
0.9300	C16—C17	1.513 (6)
1.391 (6)	C16—H16A	0.9700
	1.206 (5) 1.225 (5) 1.218 (5) 1.210 (6) 1.308 (6) 0.8200 1.367 (7) 1.400 (6) 0.9300 1.368 (7) 0.9300 1.383 (6) 0.9300 1.391 (6)	1.206 (5) $C7$ —H7A $1.225 (5)$ $C8$ —C9 $1.218 (5)$ $C8$ —H8A $1.210 (6)$ $C9$ —C10 $1.308 (6)$ $C9$ —H9A 0.8200 $C10$ —C11 $1.367 (7)$ $C10$ —H10A $1.400 (6)$ $C11$ —C12 0.9300 $C12$ —C13 $1.368 (7)$ $C13$ —C14 0.9300 $C14$ —C15 $1.383 (6)$ $C15$ —C16 0.9300 $C16$ —C17 $1.391 (6)$ $C16$ —H16A

C4—C5	1.496 (6)	C16—H16B	0.9700
C5—C6	1.472 (6)	C17—C18	1.472 (6)
C6—C7	1.393 (6)	С17—Н17А	0.9700
C6—C11	1.402 (6)	C17—H17B	0.9700
С7—С8	1.388 (7)		
С18—О5—Н5А	109.5	C10—C11—C6	119.1 (5)
C2—C1—C14	120.8 (5)	C10-C11-C12	120.4 (5)
C2—C1—H1A	119.6	C6—C11—C12	120.5 (5)
C14—C1—H1A	119.6	O2—C12—C11	121.1 (5)
C1—C2—C3	119.9 (5)	O2—C12—C13	120.5 (5)
C1—C2—H2A	120.0	C11—C12—C13	118.4 (4)
C3—C2—H2A	120.0	C14—C13—C4	120.7 (5)
C2—C3—C4	121.2 (5)	C14—C13—C12	118.7 (5)
С2—С3—НЗА	119.4	C4—C13—C12	120.6 (5)
С4—С3—НЗА	119.4	C13—C14—C1	118.4 (5)
C_{3} — C_{4} — C_{13}	118 9 (5)	C13—C14—C15	124 9 (5)
C_{3} C_{4} C_{5}	119.8 (5)	C1 - C14 - C15	1166(5)
C_{13} C_{4} C_{5}	121 3 (5)	03 - C15 - C16	120.8(5)
01 - 05 - 06	121.5(5) 122.4(5)	03 - C15 - C14	120.0(5) 120.3(5)
01 - 05 - 04	122.1(5) 120.2(5)	C_{16} C_{15} C_{14}	120.5(3)
C_{6}	117.4(5)	C_{15} C_{16} C_{17}	110.0(4) 112.0(4)
C7 - C6 - C11	117.4(5)	$C_{15} = C_{16} = H_{16A}$	100.2
C7_C6_C5	119.4(5) 118.9(5)	C17_C16_H16A	109.2
$C_{1} = C_{0} = C_{2}$	110.9 (5)	C15 C16 H16R	109.2
C ⁸ C ⁷ C ⁶	121.0(5)	C17 C16 H16P	109.2
$C_{0} = C_{1} = C_{0}$	120.0 (3)		109.2
$C_{0} = C_{1} = \Pi_{A}$	120.0	П10А—С10—П10В	107.9
$CO = C^{2} = C^{2}$	120.0	$C_{18} = C_{17} = C_{10}$	114.8 (3)
$C_{9} = C_{8} = C_{7}$	120.1 (6)	C18-C17-H17A	108.0
C9—C8—H8A	120.0	C16C17H17A	108.6
C/C8H8A	120.0	C18—C17—H17B	108.6
C8—C9—C10	119.9 (6)	CI6—CI7—HI7B	108.6
С8—С9—Н9А	120.1	HI/A—CI/—HI/B	107.6
С10—С9—Н9А	120.1	04	121.6 (5)
C11—C10—C9	121.5 (6)	04	124.5 (5)
С11—С10—Н10А	119.2	O5—C18—C17	113.8 (5)
C9—C10—H10A	119.2		
C14—C1—C2—C3	-1.8 (8)	C10-C11-C12-C13	-176.1 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.1 (8)	C6—C11—C12—C13	3.6 (6)
C2—C3—C4—C13	-1.2 (8)	C3—C4—C13—C14	1.8 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C5	178.2 (5)	C5—C4—C13—C14	-177.5 (4)
C3—C4—C5—O1	-2.2 (7)	C3—C4—C13—C12	-175.4 (4)
C13—C4—C5—O1	177.1 (5)	C5-C4-C13-C12	5.3 (7)
C3—C4—C5—C6	178.1 (4)	O2-C12-C13-C14	-4.1 (7)
C13—C4—C5—C6	-2.6 (7)	C11—C12—C13—C14	177.0 (4)
O1—C5—C6—C7	-0.1 (7)	O2—C12—C13—C4	173.2 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.6 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C4	-5.8 (6)
O1—C5—C6—C11	-179.3 (5)	C4-C13-C14-C1	-2.5 (7)
C4—C5—C6—C11	0.4 (7)	C12-C13-C14-C1	174.8 (4)

supplementary materials

C11—C6—C7—C8	-0.8 (7)	C4—C13—C14—C15	173.8 (4)
C5—C6—C7—C8	180.0 (5)	C12-C13-C14-C15	-8.9 (7)
C6—C7—C8—C9	1.5 (8)	C2-C1-C14-C13	2.4 (7)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.9 (8)	C2-C1-C14-C15	-174.2 (5)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.4 (8)	C13—C14—C15—O3	118.0 (6)
C9—C10—C11—C6	1.1 (8)	C1-C14-C15-O3	-65.7 (7)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-179.2 (5)	C13-C14-C15-C16	-69.1 (6)
C7—C6—C11—C10	-0.4 (7)	C1-C14-C15-C16	107.2 (5)
C5-C6-C11-C10	178.7 (5)	O3-C15-C16-C17	-24.0 (7)
C7—C6—C11—C12	179.8 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C17	163.1 (4)
C5—C6—C11—C12	-1.1 (7)	C15—C16—C17—C18	81.7 (5)
C10-C11-C12-O2	4.9 (7)	C16—C17—C18—O4	18.2 (7)
C6—C11—C12—O2	-175.3 (4)	C16—C17—C18—O5	-163.3 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H····A	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}\!\cdots\!\!A$	
O5—H5A···O4 ⁱ	0.82	1.86	2.681 (6)	177	
C7—H7A···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.43	3.255 (7)	147	
C16—H16A···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.97	2.48	3.375 (6)	154	
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x-1$, $-y$, $-z+1$; (ii) $-x+2$, $-y+1$, $-z+1$; (iii) $x+1$, y , z .					



Fig. 1

Fig. 2

